

**Evaluation Tables for California Department of Fish and Game Mandates and Funding**  
**Submitted by SAG Member Debbie Byrne**  
**March 6, 2012**

Document Key

<b>Code Section</b>	<b>Mandate Title</b>	*	Funding
% funded	Mandate Description	Percent	source
% performance			

\* Indicates that item was part of DFG presentation of underfunded mandates at SAG meeting on March 1, 2012.

Colors:

Shall mandates

May mandates

Funding issues addressed

**Fish and Game Code**

<b>217.6</b>	<b>Human Health Advisories; Fish</b>		
	Commencing with the booklet of sportfishing regulations published in 1987, the booklet shall also contain any human health advisories relating to fish which are formally issued by the State Department of Health Services or summaries of those human health advisories. The summaries shall be prepared in consultation with the State Department of Health Services.		
<b>1000</b>	<b>Research and Investigation – Fund Expenditures</b>		
	The department shall expend such funds as may be necessary for biological research and field investigation and for the collection and diffusion of such statistics and information as shall pertain to the conservation, propagation, protection, and perpetuation of birds and the nests and eggs thereof, and of mammals, reptiles, and fish.		

<b>1002</b>	<b>Issuance of Permits To Take or Possess Game for Specified Purposes</b>		
	a)The department <b>may</b> issue permits, subject to restrictions and regulations that the commission determines are desirable, to take or possess, in any part of the state, for scientific, educational, or propagation purposes, mammals, birds and the nests and eggs thereof, fish, amphibia, reptiles, or any other form of plant or animal life...		

<b>1008</b>	<b>Wildlife Diseases – Investigation and Laboratories</b>		
	The department <b>shall</b> investigate all diseases of, and problems relating to, birds, mammals, or fish, and establish and maintain laboratories to assist in such investigation.		

<b>1019</b>	<b>Draft Management Plans for Public Review</b>		
	(a)Subject to an appropriation of funds by the Legislature for that purpose, for parcels wholly within its jurisdiction acquired on or after January 1, 2002, the department <b>shall</b> prepare draft management plans for public review within 18 months of the recordation date.		

<b>1019</b>	<b>Draft Management Plans for Public Review</b>		
	(b)(1)On or before February 1 of each year, the department <b>shall</b> submit a list of lands acquired during the previous two fiscal years and the status of the management plans for each acquisition to the fiscal committees of each house of the Legislature.		
	(2)Each fiscal committee in the Legislature shall consider the lists described in paragraph (1) in its budget decisions for the department.		

<b>1501</b>	<b>Fund Expenditure for Property Improvement</b>		
	The department <b>may</b> expend such funds as may be necessary for the improvement of property, including nonnavigable lakes and streams, riparian zones, and upland, in order to restore, rehabilitate, and improve fish and wildlife habitat. The improvement activities <b>may</b> include, but are not limited to, the removal of barriers to migration of fish and wildlife and the improvement of hatching, feeding, resting, and breeding places for wildlife.		

	The department may undertake the services and habitat improvement work on private, public, and public trust lands without the state acquiring an interest in the property.		
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<b>1504</b>	<b>Taxes and Assessments – State Owned Property</b>		
	<p>(a)When income is derived directly from real property acquired and operated by the state as wildlife management areas, and regardless of whether income is derived from property acquired after October 1, 1949, the department shall pay annually to the county in which the property is located an amount equal to the county taxes levied upon the property at the time title to the property was transferred to the state. The department shall also pay the assessments levied upon the property by any irrigation, drainage, or reclamation district.</p> <p>(b)Any delinquent penalties or interest applicable to any such assessments made prior to September 9, 1953, are hereby canceled and shall be waived.</p> <p>(c)Payments provided by this section shall be from funds available to the department.</p> <p>(d)As used in this section, the term "wildlife management area" includes waterfowl management areas, deer ranges, upland game bird management areas, and public shooting grounds.</p> <p>(e)Payments under this section shall be made on or before December 10 of each year, excepting newly acquired property for which payments shall be made pursuant to subdivision (f).</p> <p>(f)Payments for the purposes of this section shall be made within one year of the date title to the property was transferred to the state, or within 90 days from the date of designation as a wildlife management area, whichever occurs first, prorated for the balance of the year from the date of designation as a wildlife management area to the 30th day of June following the date of designation as a wildlife management area, and, thereafter, payments shall be made on or before December 10 of each year.</p>		

**1525 et seq Wildlife Management Areas and Game Farms**

<b>1525</b>	<b>Donations and Acquisition of Game, Money and Land</b>		
	For the purposes of propagating, feeding and protecting birds, mammals, and fish, and establishing wildlife management areas or public shooting grounds the department, with the		

	approval of the commission, <b>may</b> do all of the following...		
	(b)Acquire, by purchase, lease, rental or otherwise, and occupy, develop, maintain, use and administer, land, or land and nonmarine water, or land and nonmarine water rights, suitable for state game farms, wildlife management areas, or public shooting grounds.		

<b>1526.4</b>	<b>Lower Sherman Island Leases; Extension of Recreational Homesite Leases</b>		
	(a)The department, upon request of the leaseholder, <b>shall</b> extend any existing lease for a recreational homesite on Lower Sherman Island to the holder of any lease of lands under the control of the department, under the following conditions...		

<b>1527</b>	<b>Wildlife Areas and Shooting Grounds – Valid Title, Payment, Etc.</b>		
	The department <b>shall</b> do all things necessary to secure a valid title in the State to the property acquired for wildlife management areas or public shooting grounds but no payment shall be made therefor until the title is satisfactory to the Attorney General, and is vested in the State. The acquisition of the property by the State is not prohibited by reason of rights of way, easements, or reservations which, from their nature, in the opinion of the department, will in no manner interfere with the use of the property for the purpose for which it is acquired.		

<b>1528</b>	<b>Public Shooting Grounds – Operation</b>		
	Lands, or lands and water, acquired for public shooting grounds, state marine (estuarine) recreational management areas, or wildlife management areas <b>shall be operated on a nonprofit basis</b> by the department...		

<b>1580</b>	<b>Ecological Reserves</b>		
	... For the purpose of establishing those ecological reserves, the department, with the approval of the commission, <b>may</b> obtain, accept on behalf of the state, acquire, or control, by purchase, lease, easement, gift, rental, memorandum of understanding, or otherwise, and occupy, develop, maintain, use, and administer land, or land and nonmarine water, or land and nonmarine water rights, suitable for the purpose of establishing ecological reserves. Any property obtained, accepted, acquired, or controlled by the department pursuant to this article <b>may</b> be designated by the commission as an ecological reserve. The commission <b>may</b> adopt regulations for the		

	occupation, utilization, operation, protection, enhancement, maintenance, and administration of ecological reserves. The ecological reserves shall not be classified as wildlife management areas pursuant to Section 1504 and shall be exempt from Section 1504.		
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**1600 et seq. – Lake and Streambed Alteration**

<b>1603</b>	<b>Department Determination After Notification Complete</b>		
	a) After the notification is complete, the department shall determine whether the activity may substantially adversely affect an existing fish and wildlife resource. If the department determines that the activity may have that effect, the department shall provide a draft agreement to the entity within 60 days after the notification is complete. The draft agreement shall describe the fish and wildlife resources that the department has determined the activity may substantially adversely affect and include measures to protect those resources. The department's description of the affected resources shall be specific and detailed, and the department shall make available, upon request, the information upon which its determination of substantial adverse effect is based...		

**1725 et seq. – Trout and Steelhead Conservation and Management Planning Act of 1979**

<b>1726.4</b>		*	
	a)It is the intent of the Legislature that the department, in administering its existing wild trout program, shall conduct a biological and physical inventory of all California trout streams and lakes to determine the most suitable angling regulations for each stream or lake. The department shall determine for each stream or lake whether it should be managed as a wild trout fishery, or whether its management should involve the planting of native trout species to supplement wild trout populations. In making that inventory, the department shall give priority to those streams and lakes where public use is heaviest, which have the highest biological potential for producing sizeable wild trout, which are inhabited by rare species, or where the quality of the fishery is threatened or endangered. Biological and physical inventories prepared for each stream, stream system, or lake shall include an assessment of the resource status, threats to the continued well-being of the fishery resource, the potential for fishery resource development, and recommendations, including necessary changes in the allowed take of trout, for the development of each stream or lake to its full capacity as a fishery.		

<b>1726.5</b>		*	
	The Legislature further finds and declares that activities and programs mandated by this chapter are a continuation and perpetuation of the department's existing wild trout program and other programs, and as such they shall be funded from existing budgetary resources.		

<b>1727</b>		*	
	(a)In order to provide for a diversity of available angling experiences throughout the state, it is the intent of the Legislature that the commission maintain the existing wild trout program, and as part of the program, develop additional wild trout waters in the more than 20,000 miles of trout streams and approximately 5,000 lakes containing trout in California.		

<b>1727</b>	<b>cont.</b>		
	(b)The department shall prepare a list of no less than 25 miles of stream or stream segments and at least one lake that it deems suitable for designation as wild trout waters. The department shall submit this list to the commission for its consideration at the regular October commission meeting.		
	(c)The commission may remove any stream or lake that it has designated as a wild trout fishery from the program at any time. If any of those waters are removed from the program, an equivalent amount of stream mileage or an equivalent size lake shall be added to the wild trout program.		
	(d)The commission shall in January of each year submit a report to the Legislature regarding progress in implementing this chapter. In that report, the commission shall state its reasons why any stream or lake listed by the department as suitable for consideration as a wild trout water was or was not included in the program. The commission shall also state its reasons for removing and replacing any waters within the program.		
	(e)The department shall prepare and complete management plans for all wild trout waters not more than three years following their initial designation by the commission, and to update the management plan every five years following completion of the initial management plan.		

**1740 et seq. – Black Bass Conservation and Management Act of 1980**

<b>1742</b>		*	
	The Legislature further finds and declares that the black bass management program components specified in this chapter are a continuation of the department's existing warmwater fisheries program, and, as such, shall be funded from existing department budgetary resources.		

<b>1743</b>		*	
	(a)The department's black bass management program shall include, but not be limited to, the following components:		
	(1)The department shall determine the angler harvest of black bass populations and shall recommend to the commission the changes in angling regulations for black bass that would be necessary to prevent or correct overharvest. (2)The department shall consider recommending to the commission catch and release regulations for black bass, including minimum or maximum size restrictions and management for trophy-sized black bass in some waters. (3)The department shall consider the suitability of the many different species, subspecies, and strains of black bass when management programs are formulated. (4)The department shall improve shoreline habitat for black bass in waters where insufficient habitat exists and shall encourage reservoir operating agencies to carry out shoreline habitat improvement projects.		

<b>1801</b>	<b>Policies and Objectives) - (Note – this is the source of authority for the Department’s Nuisance Wildlife program.)</b>	*	
	(g)To alleviate economic losses or public health or safety problems caused by wildlife to the people of the state either individually or collectively. Such resolution shall be in a manner designed to bring the problem within tolerable limits consistent with economic and public health considerations and the objectives stated in subdivisions (a), (b) and (c).		

<b>1802</b>	<b>Jurisdiction of Department (CEQA)</b>		
	... The department, as trustee for fish and wildlife resources, shall consult with lead and responsible agencies and shall provide, as available, the requisite biological expertise to review		

	and comment upon environmental documents and impacts arising from project activities, as those terms are used in the California Environmental Protection Act (Division 13 (commencing with Section 21000) of the Public Resources Code).		
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**1900 et seq. – Native Plant Protection Act**

<b>1901</b>			
	The department shall establish criteria for determining if a species, subspecies, or variety of native plant is endangered or rare. As used in this chapter, "native plant" means a plant growing in a wild uncultivated state which is normally found native to the plantlife of this state. A species, subspecies, or variety is endangered when its prospects of survival and reproduction are in immediate jeopardy from one or more cause. A species, subspecies, or variety is rare when, although not presently threatened with extinction, it is in such small numbers throughout its range that it may become endangered if its present environment worsens.		

<b>1905</b>			
	The department may undertake botanical research and field investigations and may collect and diffuse such statistics and information as shall pertain to the conservation, protection, and perpetuation of native plants.		

<b>1907(a)</b>			
	The commission may adopt regulations governing the taking, possession, propagation, transportation, exportation, importation, or sale of any endangered or rare native plants. Such regulations may include, but shall not be limited to, requirements for persons who perform any of the foregoing activities to maintain written records and to obtain permits which may be issued by the department.		

<b>1913(c)</b>			
	Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions (a) and (b) of this section, where the owner of land has been notified by the department pursuant to Section 1903.5 that a rare or endangered native plant is growing on such land, the owner shall notify the department at least 10 days in advance of changing the land use to allow for salvage of such plant. The failure by the		

	department to salvage such plant within 10 days of notification shall entitle the owner of the land to proceed without regard to this chapter. Submission of a timber harvesting plan pursuant to the Z'berg-Nejedly Forest Practice Act of 1973 (commencing with Section 4511 of the Public Resources Code) shall constitute notice under this section. Converting from one type of agricultural use, as defined in Section 51201 of the Government Code, to another type of agricultural use shall not constitute a change in land use.		
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<b>2003.6</b>	<b>Adopt A Lake Program to Advance Improvement Efforts</b>		
	The department may implement the "Adopt a Lake Program" to facilitate private groups' and associations' undertaking volunteer efforts to rehabilitate and improve fisheries, fish habitat, and resources. In implementing this program, the department shall prepare and periodically update a plan for the volunteer efforts to be undertaken. The plan shall be prepared cooperatively by the department, the private group or association, and the public agency with jurisdiction over the inland water to be affected by the plan. The plan shall be consistent with the management plan and management objectives of the department and the public agency with jurisdiction over the inland water.		

**2050 et seq. – California Endangered Species Act**

<b>2070</b>	<b>List of Endangered and Threatened Species</b>	*	
	The commission shall establish a list of endangered species and a list of threatened species. The commission shall add or remove species from either list if it finds, upon the receipt of sufficient scientific information pursuant to this article, that the action is warranted.		

<b>2073.5</b>	<b>Time Period of Evaluation; Recommendations</b>	*	
	(a) Within 90 days of receipt of the petition, the department shall evaluate the petition on its face and in relation to other relevant information the department possesses or receives, and submit to the commission its written evaluation report with one of the following recommendations to the commission...		

<b>2074.6</b>	<b>Status Review by Department of Species Listed in Petition</b>	*	
	The department shall promptly commence a review of the status of the species concerned in the petition. Within 12 months of the date of publication of a notice of acceptance of a petition for consideration by the commission pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 2074.2, the department shall provide a written report to the commission, based upon the best scientific information available to the department, which indicates whether the petitioned action is warranted, which includes a preliminary identification of the habitat that may be essential to the continued existence of the species, and which recommends management activities and other recommendations for recovery of the species.		

<b>2077</b>	<b>Periodic Review of Listed Species</b>	*	
	(a)The department shall review species listed as an endangered species or as a threatened species every five years to determine if the conditions that led to the original listing are still present. The review shall be conducted based on information which is consistent with the information specified in Section 2072.3 and which is the best scientific information available to the department. The review shall include a review of the identification of the habitat that may be essential to the continued existence of the species and the department's recommendations for management activities and other recommendations for recovery of the species. The department shall notify any person who has notified the commission, in writing with their address, of their interest, and the department may notify any other person.		

<b>2077</b>	<b>Periodic Review of Listed Species, cont.</b>		
	(b)Review of species that are listed by both the commission and the United States Department of Interior will be conducted in conjunction with the five-year review process of the United States Department of Interior.		
	(c)Initial review of those species listed by the commission before January 1, 1982, that are not listed by the federal government shall be undertaken and completed by July 1, 1987. Initial review of those species listed by the commission after January 1, 1982, that are not listed by the federal government shall be undertaken and completed within five years of the date the species was originally listed by the commission.		
	(d)Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the commission or the department may		

	<p>review a species at any time based upon a petition or upon other data available to the department and the commission.</p> <p>(e)The department shall report in writing to the commission the results of its five-year review for each listed species. The commission shall treat any report of the department under this subdivision which contains a recommendation to add a species to, or remove a species from, the list of endangered species or the list of threatened species as a department recommendation submitted pursuant to Section 2072.7.</p>		
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<b>2079</b>	<b>Status of Listed Species – Annual Summary Report</b>	*	
	<p>The department shall, by January 30 of every third year, beginning January 30, 1986, prepare a report summarizing the status of all state listed endangered, threatened, and candidate species, and shall submit the report to the commission, the Legislature, the Governor, and all individuals who have notified the commission, in writing with their address, of their interest. This report shall include, but not be limited to, a listing of those species designated as endangered, threatened, and candidate species, a discussion of the current status of endangered, threatened, or candidate species, and the timeframes for the review of listed species pursuant to this article.</p>		

<b>2080.1</b>	<b>Taking Endangered Species with Federal Incidental Take Statement</b>	*	
	<p>(c)Within 30 days after the director has received the notice described in subdivision (a) that an incidental take statement or an incidental take permit has been issued pursuant to the federal Endangered Species Act of 1973, the director shall determine whether the incidental take statement or incidental take permit is consistent with this chapter. If the director determines within that 30-day period, based upon substantial evidence, that the incidental take statement or incidental take permit is not consistent with this chapter, then the taking of that species may only be authorized pursuant to this chapter.</p> <p>(d)The director shall immediately publish the determination pursuant to subdivision (c) in the General Public Interest section of the California Regulatory Notice Register.</p>		

<b>2080.3</b>	<b>Taking of Spring run Chinook Salmon; Permit and Requirements</b>	*	
	<p>(3) Within 30 days after the director has received the notice specified in paragraph (1), the director shall determine whether the enhancement of survival permit will further the</p>		

	conservation of the species. As used in this paragraph, "conservation" has the same meaning as defined in Section 2061. (4) The director shall immediately have the determination pursuant to paragraph (3) published in the General Public Interest section of the California Regulatory Notice Register.		
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<b>2081</b>	<b>Exceptions to Section 2080</b>	*	
	The department may authorize acts that are otherwise prohibited pursuant to Section 2080, as follows:		
	(a)Through permits or memorandums of understanding, the department may authorize individuals, public agencies, universities, zoological gardens, and scientific or educational institutions, to import, export, take, or possess any endangered species, threatened species, or candidate species for scientific, educational, or management purposes.  (b)The department may authorize, by permit, the take of endangered species, threatened species, and candidate species if all of the following conditions are met...		

<b>2081.7</b>	<b>Department may authorize taking of certain species (re: QSA)</b>	*	
	(a)Notwithstanding Sections 3511, 4700, 5050, and 5515, and contingent upon the fulfillment of the conditions listed in subdivisions (b), (c), and (d), the department may authorize, under Chapter 1.5 (commencing with Section 2050) or Chapter 10 (commencing with Section 2800), the take of species resulting from impacts attributable to the implementation of the Quantification Settlement Agreement, as defined in subdivision (a) of Section 1 of Chapter 617 of the Statutes of 2002, on all of the following...		

<b>2086</b>	<b>Department to Adopt Regulations (Voluntary Landowner Program)</b>	*	
	(a)The department, ...shall adopt regulations that authorize locally designed voluntary programs for routine and ongoing agricultural activities on farms or ranches that encourage habitat for candidate, threatened, and endangered species, and wildlife generally...		
	(c)Any taking of candidate, threatened, or endangered species incidental to routine and ongoing agricultural activities that occurs while the management practices specified by paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) are followed, is not prohibited by this chapter.		

	<p>(d)(1)The department shall automatically renew the authorization for these voluntary programs every five years, unless the Legislature amends or repeals this section in which case the program shall be revised to conform to this section.</p> <p>(2) Commencing in 2000, and every five years thereafter, the department shall report to the appropriate policy committees of the Legislature regarding the effect of the programs. The department shall consult with the Department of Food and Agriculture in evaluating the programs and preparing the report. The report shall address factors such as the temporary and permanent acreage benefiting from the programs, include an estimate of the amount of land upon which routine and ongoing agricultural activities are conducted, provide examples of farmer and rancher cooperation, and include recommendations to improve the voluntary participation by farmers and ranchers...</p>		
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<b>2086</b>	<b>Department to Adopt Regulations (Voluntary Landowner Program), cont.</b>		
	(f) (1) The department may approve an application submitted by an agricultural-based nonprofit organization or other entity registered as a California nonprofit organization to initiate and undertake public education and outreach activities that promote the achievement of the objectives of this chapter. An application submitted pursuant to this subdivision shall include the following...		

<b>2089.6</b>	<b>Department may authorize Acts that are otherwise prohibited (State Safe Harbor Program)</b>	*	
	In addition to the other provisions of this article, the department may authorize acts that are otherwise prohibited pursuant to Section 2080 through an agreement, including a programmatic agreement, if all the following conditions are met...		

<b>2089.22</b>	<b>Effect of Federal Safe Harbor Agreement</b>	*	
	(a) If a federal safe harbor agreement has been approved pursuant to applicable provisions of federal law and the federal safe harbor agreement contains species that are endangered, threatened, or are candidate species pursuant to this chapter, no further authorization or approval is necessary under this article for any person authorized by that agreement to take the species identified in and in accordance with the federal Safe Harbor Agreement, if that person and the department follow all of the procedures specified in		

	Section 2080.1, except that the determination of consistency shall be made by the department based only on the issuance criteria contained in this article.		
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<b>2098</b>		*	
	The department shall pay the costs of administration of this chapter from the Endangered and Rare Fish, Wildlife, and Plant Species Conservation and Enhancement Account in the Fish and Game Preservation Fund.		

**2106 et seq. – Recovery Strategy Pilot Program**

<b>2106</b>			
	(a)The department may develop and implement a recovery strategy pilot program for coho salmon.		
	(b)The department shall seek private and federal funding for implementation of the coho salmon recovery strategy pilot program. No additional state funds may be expended for the implementation of the program until the Legislature specifically appropriates funds for that purpose.		

<b>2107</b>			
	(a)For each species identified pursuant to Sections 2105 and 2106, the department shall assemble a recovery strategy team consisting of, but not limited to, department personnel, other state agency personnel if found by the department to be appropriate, federal agency personnel to the extent permitted by federal law if found by the department to be appropriate, representatives of affected local governments, representatives of affected landowners, and representatives of environmental groups, as well as persons who possess scientific expertise...		

<b>2250</b>	<b>Muskrats; Import, Transport, or Possess</b>		
	It is unlawful to import or transport into or possess any live muskrat (genus Ondatra) in California except under permit issued by the department pursuant to Section 2118, or as otherwise provided by law. A county agricultural commissioner, fish and game deputy, or state plant quarantine officer may enter upon lands or waters west of the crest of the Cascade-Sierra Nevada mountain system, and west and south of the Tehachapi, Liebre, San Gabriel, San Bernadino, San Jacinto,		

	Cuyamaca, and connected mountains south to the international boundary, or in any watershed tributary to, or draining into, the Pacific Ocean to remove or destroy the muskrats.		
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<b>2271</b>	<b>Written Approval and Exceptions for Importation</b>	*	
	(a)No live aquatic plant or animal may be imported into this state without the prior written approval of the department pursuant to regulations adopted by the commission. A written application for the importation, submitted in conformance with the procedural requirements established by the commission, is deemed approved where it has not been denied within 60 days...		

**2800 et seq. – Natural Community Conservation Planning Act**

<b>2810</b>			
	(a)The department may enter into an agreement with any person or public entity for the purpose of preparing a natural community conservation plan, in cooperation with a local agency that has land use permit authority over the activities proposed to be addressed in the plan, to provide comprehensive management and conservation of multiple wildlife species, including, but not limited to, those species listed pursuant to Article 2 (commencing with Section 2070) of Chapter 1.5. The agreement shall include a provision specifying the amount of compensation, if any, payable to the department pursuant to Section 2829...		

<b>2820</b>			
	(a)The department shall approve a natural community conservation plan for implementation after making the following findings, based upon substantial evidence in the record...		

<b>2829</b>			
	(a)The commission shall adopt a master plan that guides the adoption and implementation of the Marine Life Protection Program adopted pursuant to Section 2853 and decisions regarding the siting of new MPAs and major modifications of existing MPAs. The plan shall be based on the best readily available science.		
	(b)(1)The department shall prepare, or by contract shall cause to be prepared, a master plan in		

	accordance with this subdivision. In order to take full advantage of scientific expertise on MPAs, the department shall convene a master plan team to advise and assist in the preparation of the master plan, or hire a contractor with relevant expertise to assist in convening such a team...		
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<b>2859</b>			
	(a)On or before January 1, 2005, the department shall submit to the commission a draft of the master plan prepared pursuant to this chapter...		

<b>2861</b>			
	(a)The commission shall, annually until the master plan is adopted and thereafter at least every three years, receive, consider, and promptly act upon petitions from any interested party, to add, delete, or modify MPAs, favoring those petitions that are compatible with the goals and guidelines of this chapter...		

**3400 et seq. – State Policy – Improvement of Wildlife Habitat on Private Land**

<b>3401</b>			
	(a)The commission may authorize the department to issue revocable, nontransferable licenses for the operation of wildlife habitat enhancement and management areas on any private lands it determines are suitable for habitat enhancement, management, utilization, propagation, and conservation of fish and wildlife resources of those lands. Any private lands affected by a habitat enhancement and management plan licensed pursuant to this article shall not be available for use by the general public without the consent of the landholders...		

<b>3409</b>			
	The department shall report every three years on the wildlife habitat enhancement and management program conducted pursuant to this article. The report shall include a listing of landholders participating in the wildlife habitat enhancement and management program, the wildlife habitat enhancement and management activities undertaken, the wildlife species managed, and harvest data. The report shall be submitted to the Speaker of the Assembly, the Chairperson of the Senate Committee on Rules, and the chairpersons of the policy committees in each house that		

	have jurisdiction over the subject of this article. The report shall also be made available to the public upon request.		
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<b>3511</b>	<b>Fully Protected Birds – Take or Possess; Listing</b>		
	(a)(1)Except as provided in Section 2081.7, fully protected birds or parts thereof may not be taken or possessed at any time. No provision of this code or any other law shall be construed to authorize the issuance of permits or licenses to take any fully protected bird, and no permits or licenses heretofore issued shall have any force or effect for that purpose. However, the department may authorize the taking of those species for necessary scientific research, including efforts to recover fully protected, threatened, or endangered species, and may authorize the live capture and relocation of those species pursuant to a permit for the protection of livestock. Prior to authorizing the take of any of those species, the department shall make an effort to notify all affected and interested parties to solicit information and comments on the proposed authorization. The notification shall be published in the California Regulatory Notice Register and be made available to each person who has notified the department, in writing, of his or her interest in fully protected species and who has provided an e-mail address, if available, or postal address to the department. Affected and interested parties shall have 30 days after notification is published in the California Regulatory Notice Register to provide any relevant information and comments on the proposed authorization.		

**4150 et seq. – Definition of Nongame Mammals; Take or Possess**

4153			
	The department may enter into cooperative agreements with any agency of the state or the United States for the purpose of controlling harmful nongame mammals.		
	The department may take any mammal which, in its opinion, is unduly preying upon any bird, mammal, or fish.		

4154			
	The department may enter into cooperative contracts with the United States Fish and Wildlife Service in the Department of the Interior in relation to the control of nongame mammals and for that purpose may expend any money made available to the department for expenditure for control or eradication of nongame mammals.		

## 4181 Kill elk, Bear, Beaver, Wild Pig, or Gray Squirrels Damaging Property; Permit Required

(Administer depredation permit program)

<b>4181.1</b>	<b>Take Bear, or Wild Pig in Act of Injuring Livestock; Reporting Requirement, etc..</b>	*	
	(c)The department shall make a record of each report made pursuant to subdivision (a) or (b) and may have an employee of the department investigate the taking or cause the taking to be investigated. The person taking a wild pig shall provide information as deemed necessary by the department. Upon completion of the investigation, the investigator may, upon a finding that the requirements of this section have been met with respect to the particular bear or wild pig taken under subdivision (a) or (b), issue a written statement to the person confirming that the requirements of this section have been met. The person who took the wild pig may transfer the carcass to another person without compensation.		
<b>4181.2</b>	<b>Damage by Wild Pigs Defined</b>	*	
	For the purposes of this article relating to damage caused by wild pigs, "damage" means loss or harm resulting from injury to person or property. The department shall develop statewide guidelines to aid in determining the damage caused by wild pigs. The guidelines shall consider various uses of the land impacted by pigs.		
<b>4181.5</b>	<b>Take Deer Damaging or Destroying Land; Permit, etc.</b>	*	
	(a)Any owner or tenant of land or property that is being damaged or destroyed or is in immediate danger of being damaged or destroyed by deer may apply to the department for a permit to kill those deer. The department, upon satisfactory evidence of that damage or destruction, actual or immediately threatened, shall issue a revocable permit for the taking and disposition of those deer for a designated period not to exceed 60 days under regulations promulgated by the commission.		
<b>4181.5</b>	<b>Take Deer Damaging or Destroying Land; Permit, etc., cont.</b>		
	(b)The regulations of the commission shall include provisions concerning the type of weapons to be used to kill the deer. The weapons shall be those as will ensure humane killing, but the regulations of the commission shall provide for the use of a sufficient variety of weapons to permit the designation of particular types to be used in any particular locality commensurate with the need to protect persons and property. Firearms using .22-caliber rimfire cartridges may be used only when authorized by the director or his designee. No pistols shall be used. The caliber and		

	<p>type of weapon to be used by each permittee shall be specified in each permit by the issuing officer who shall take into consideration the location of the area, the necessity for clean kills, the safety factor, local firearms ordinances, and other factors that apply. Rifle ammunition used shall have expanding bullets; shotgun ammunition shall have only single slugs, or, if authorized by the department, 0 or 00 buckshot.</p> <p>(c)The department shall issue tags similar to those provided for in Section 4331 at the same time the permit is issued. A permittee under this section shall carry the tags while hunting deer, and upon the killing of any deer, shall immediately fill out both parts of the tag and punch out clearly the date of the kill. One part of the tag shall be immediately attached to the antlers of antlered deer or to the ear of any other deer and kept attached until 10 days after the permit has expired. The other part of the tag shall be immediately sent to the department after it has been countersigned by any person authorized by Section 4341.</p>		
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<b>4188</b>	<b>Permits for Licensed Hunters to Take Wild Pigs or Deer</b>		
	(a)If a landowner or tenant applies for a permit under Section 4181 for wild pigs or wild turkeys, or under Section 4181.5 for deer, the department shall notify the landowner or tenant about available options for allowing access by licensed hunters, including, but not limited to, access authorized pursuant to Article 3 (commencing with Section 1570) of Chapter 5 of Division 2 to control wild pigs, wild turkeys, and deer.		

<b>4188</b>	<b>Permits for Licensed Hunters to Take Wild Pigs or Deer</b>		
	(b)The commission, in lieu of a permit as described in subdivision (a), and with the consent of, or upon the request of, the landowner or tenant, under appropriate regulations, may authorize the issuance of permits to persons holding valid hunting licenses to take wild pigs, wild turkeys, or deer in sufficient numbers to stop the damage or threatened damage. Before issuing permits to licensed hunters, the department shall investigate and determine the number of permits necessary, the territory involved, the dates of the proposed hunt, the manner of issuing the permits, and fee for the permit.		

<b>4190</b>	<b>I.D. of Relocated Depredatory Mammals</b>		
	The department shall tag, brand, or otherwise identify in a persistent and distinctive manner any large depredatory mammal relocated by, or relocated with the approval of, the department for game management purposes.		

<b>4700</b>	<b>Take or Possess Fully Protected Mammals Prohibited</b>		
	(a)(1)Except as provided in Section 2081.7, fully protected mammals or parts thereof may not be taken or possessed at any time. No provision of this code or any other law shall be construed to authorize the issuance of permits or licenses to take any fully protected mammal, and no permits or licenses heretofore issued shall have any force or effect for that purpose. However, the department may authorize the taking of those species for necessary scientific research, including efforts to recover fully protected, threatened, or endangered species. Prior to authorizing the take of any of those species, the department shall make an effort to notify all affected and interested parties to solicit information and comments on the proposed authorization. The notification shall be published in the California Regulatory Notice Register and be made available to each person who has notified the department, in writing, of his or her interest in fully protected species and who has provided an e-mail address, if available, or postal address to the department. Affected and interested parties shall have 30 days after notification is published in the California Regulatory Notice Register to provide any relevant information and comments on the proposed authorization...		

**4800 et seq. – Mountain Lions**

<b>4801</b>		*	
	The department may remove or take any mountain lion, or authorize an appropriate local agency with public safety responsibility to remove or take any mountain lion, that is perceived to be an imminent threat to public health or safety or that is perceived by the department to be an imminent threat to the survival of any threatened, endangered, candidate, or fully protected sheep species.		

<b>4802</b>		*	
	Any person, or the employee or agent of a person, whose livestock or other property is being or has been injured, damaged, or destroyed by a mountain lion may report that fact to the department and request a permit to take the mountain lion.		

<b>4803</b>		*	
	Upon receipt of a report pursuant to Section 4802, the department, or any animal damage control officer specifically authorized by the department to carry out this responsibility, shall immediately		

	take the action necessary to confirm that there has been depredation by a mountain lion as reported. The confirmation process shall be completed as quickly as possible, but in no event more than 48 hours after receiving the report. If satisfied that there has been depredation by a mountain lion as reported, the department shall promptly issue a permit to take the depredating mountain lion.		
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<b>4807</b>		*	
	(a)Any mountain lion that is encountered while in the act of pursuing, inflicting injury to, or killing livestock, or domestic animals, may be taken immediately by the owner of the property or the owner's employee or agent. The taking shall be reported within 72 hours to the department. The department shall investigate the depredation, and, if the mountain lion was captured, injured, or killed, the mountain lion or the entire carcass of the mountain lion which has been recovered shall be turned over to the department. Upon satisfactorily completing the investigation and receiving the mountain lion or the carcass, if recovered, the department shall issue a permit confirming that the requirements of this section have been met with respect to the particular mountain lion taken under these circumstances.		

<b>5050</b>	<b>Take or Possess; Definitions (Fully Protected Reptiles and Amphibians)</b>		
	(a)(1)Except as provided in Section 2081.7, fully protected reptiles and amphibians or parts thereof may not be taken or possessed at any time. No provision of this code or any other law shall be construed to authorize the issuance of permits or licenses to take any fully protected reptile or amphibian, and no permits or licenses heretofore issued shall have any force or effect for that purpose. However, the department may authorize the taking of those species for necessary scientific research, including efforts to recover fully protected, threatened, or endangered species. Prior to authorizing the take of any of those species, the department shall make an effort to notify all affected and interested parties to solicit information and comments on the proposed authorization. The notification shall be published in the California Regulatory Notice Register and be made available to each person who has notified the department, in writing, of his or her interest in fully protected species and who has provided an e-mail address, if available, or postal address to the department. Affected and interested parties shall have 30 days after notification is published in the California Regulatory Notice Register to provide any relevant information and comments on the proposed authorization...		

<b>5515</b>	<b>Fully Protected Fish – Take, Possess; Definitions</b>		
	a)(1)Except as provided in Section 2081.7, fully protected fish or parts thereof may not be taken or possessed at any time. No provision of this code or any other law shall be construed to authorize the		

	issuance of permits or licenses to take any fully protected fish, and no permits or licenses heretofore issued shall have any force or effect for that purpose. However, the department may authorize the taking of those species for necessary scientific research, including efforts to recover fully protected, threatened, or endangered species. Prior to authorizing the take of any of those species, the department shall make an effort to notify all affected and interested parties to solicit information and comments on the proposed authorization. The notification shall be published in the California Regulatory Notice Register and be made available to each person who has notified the department, in writing, of his or her interest in fully protected species and who has provided an e-mail address, if available, or postal address to the department. Affected and interested parties shall have 30 days after notification is published in the California Regulatory Notice Register to provide any relevant information and comments on the proposed authorization...		
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<b>5522</b>	<b>Abalone Recovery and Management Plan</b>		
	(a)On or before January 1, 2003, the department shall submit to the commission a comprehensive abalone recovery and management plan. The plan shall contain all of the following...		

<b>5650</b>	<b>Water Pollution; Prohibited Materials</b>		
	(a)Except as provided in subdivision (b), it is unlawful to deposit in, permit to pass into, or place where it can pass into the waters of this state any of the following:		
	(1)Any petroleum, acid, coal or oil tar, lampblack, aniline, asphalt, bitumen, or residuary product of petroleum, or carbonaceous material or substance.		
	(2)Any refuse, liquid or solid, from any refinery, gas house, tannery, distillery, chemical works, mill, or factory of any kind.		
	(3)Any sawdust, shavings, slabs, or edgings.		
	(4)Any factory refuse, lime, or slag.		
	(5)Any cocculus indicus.		
	(6)Any substance or material deleterious to fish, plant life, mammals, or bird life...		

<b>5655</b>	<b>Petroleum Spills; Costs for Clean-up, etc.</b>		
	(a)In addition to the responsibilities imposed pursuant to Section 5651, the department may clean up or abate, or cause to be cleaned up or abated, the effects of any petroleum or petroleum product		

	deposited or discharged in the waters of this state or deposited or discharged in any location onshore or offshore where the petroleum or petroleum product is likely to enter the waters of this state, order any person responsible for the deposit or discharge to clean up the petroleum or petroleum product or abate the effects of the deposit or discharge, and <b>recover any costs incurred</b> as a result of the cleanup or abatement from the responsible party...		
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<b>5930</b>	<b>Exam of Dams Frequented by Fish</b>	*	
	The department <b>shall</b> , from time to time, examine all dams in all rivers and streams in this State naturally frequented by fish.		

<b>5931</b>	<b>Fishways for Free Passage Over or Around Dams</b>	*	
	If, in the opinion of the commission, there is not free passage for fish over or around any dam, the department <b>shall</b> cause plans to be furnished for a suitable fishway, and order in writing the owner of the dam to provide the dam, within a specified time, with a durable and efficient fishway, of such form and capacity and in such location as shall be determined by the department. Such fishway shall be completed by the owner of the dam to the satisfaction of the department within the time specified.		

<b>5932</b>	<b>Additional Fishways – When Necessary</b>	*	
	When all of the provisions of this article have been complied with, if in the opinion of the commission changed conditions make additional structures desirable for the free passage of fish, the department <b>may</b> make such additional structures and may expend such sums of money as it deems necessary for such additional construction, including the cost of insurance against any liability which the department may incur in connection with such structures.		

**5980 et seq. – Conduits and Screens: Diversions Over 250 Cubic Feet per Second**

<b>5981</b>	<b>Exam of Conduits</b>	*	
	The department <b>shall</b> examine all conduits; and order the owner of a conduit to install, and it is the duty of such an owner to install, a screen on the conduit when, in the opinion of the department, a screen is necessary to prevent fish from passing into the conduit.		
	Except as provided in Sections 5987, 5988 and 5989, <b>one-half of the expense</b> of constructing or installing a screen shall be paid by the owner of a conduit and one-half by the department.		

<b>5986</b>	<b>Payments to Conduit Owner from Fund</b>	*	
	All money paid by the department to the owner of a conduit pursuant to this article shall be paid out of the Fish and Game Preservation Fund.		

<b>5989</b>	<b>Screen Malfunction; Remedies</b>	*	
	After acceptance, should the screen fail to function in an efficient manner, no changes in conditions affecting its operation having occurred subsequent to the acceptance of the screen, the owner shall not be required to install a new screen. However, the department may install another screen at the sole cost and expense of the department of a type, size, mesh, and at a location agreed upon by the department and the owner, or approved by the Department of Water Resources, as provided in Section 5992 of this code.		

**6020 et seq. – Conduits and Screens: Diversions Less Than 250 Cubic Feet per Second**

6021		*	
	The department shall examine new or existing conduits, and may install, maintain, repair, and replace fish screens, bypasses, or other devices to prevent the passage of fish through a conduit, when in the opinion of the department such a screen or device is practical and necessary. The owner of a conduit shall grant to the department the right of access to the conduit for the installation and maintenance of the screen, and shall provide the department with an easement for a site for the installation of the screen or device deemed suitable by the department. The owner shall also supply sufficient water for a bypass to carry fish stopped by the screen or device back to the channel from which they were diverted, and an easement for the bypass channel, but such easement shall not require the acquisition or leasing of additional lands by the owner. No water for a bypass shall be required if the channel from which the water is diverted is dry or incapable of supporting fish life below the point of diversion.		

6028		*	
	All money paid by the department to the owner of a conduit pursuant to this article shall be paid out of the Fish and Game Preservation Fund.		

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<b>6100</b>	<b>Water Deleterious to Salmon and Steelhead; Diversion; Necessity of Screen</b>	*	
	Notwithstanding any provision of Article 3 (commencing with Section 5980) and Article 4 (commencing with Section 6020), on or after the effective date of this article, any new diversion of water from any stream having populations of salmon and steelhead which is determined by the department to be deleterious to salmon and steelhead shall be screened by the owner. The construction, operation, or maintenance costs of any screen required pursuant to this article shall be borne by the owner of the diversion.		
	The department within 30 days of receipt of a notice of such diversion, or within the time determined by mutual written agreement, shall submit to the owner its proposals as to measures necessary to protect the salmon and steelhead. The department shall notify the owner that it shall make onsite investigation and shall make any other investigation before it shall propose any measure necessary to protect fishlife.		
	The department, or any agency of the state, shall provide the owner of the diversion any available information which is required by such owner in order to comply with the provisions of this article.		
	The diversion shall not commence until the department has determined that measures necessary to protect fishlife have been incorporated into the plans and construction of such diversion.		

**6420 et seq. – Artificial Reefs**

<b>6422</b>		*	
	The department shall administer the California Artificial Reef Program...		

<b>6424</b>		*	
	The amount allocated for the administration of the program in any fiscal year may not exceed the amount authorized by applicable state and federal policy guidelines.		

<b>6425</b>		*	
	(a)It is the intent of the Legislature that not more than five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) shall be allocated to the program for the 1985-86 fiscal year.		
	(b)It is the intent of the Legislature that future sources of funding for the program may include, but are not limited to, the Fish and Game Preservation Fund, the California Environmental License Plate Fund, the Wildlife Restoration Fund, recreational bond act funds, federal grants-in-aid, county fish and game propagation funds, and private donations.		

**6440 et seq. – Triploid Grass Carp**

<b>6450</b>	<b>Aquatic Plant pests; use of Grass Carp for Control</b>	*	
	The Department shall adopt regulations that provide for the control of aquatic plant pests using artificially introduced triploid grass carp under a permit issued by the department...		

<b>6454</b>	<b>Permit and Inspection Fees</b>	*	
	The department shall establish permit and inspection fees sufficient to recover, but not exceed, the initial and ongoing costs of the program under this article.		

**6600 et seq. – California Marine Resources Legacy Act**

<b>6610</b>			
	(a) An owner or operator, or other party responsible for decommissioning, of an offshore oil structure may apply to the department for approval to partially remove the structure pursuant to the requirements of this chapter.		
	(b) The department shall design and make available to potential applicants an application process that will facilitate review of the application by the department in a timely manner, consistent with Section 6604...		

<b>6615</b>			
	Prior to granting conditional approval of an application for partial removal of an offshore oil structure, the department shall do all of the following:		
	(a) Prepare a plan to manage the offshore oil structure after its partial removal. The plan shall include measures to manage fishery and marine life resources at and around the structure in a manner that will ensure that the net benefits to the marine environment identified pursuant to Section 6613 are maintained or enhanced. Consistent with state and federal law, management measures may include a buffer zone in which fishing or removal of marine life is restricted or prohibited.		
	(b) Provide an opportunity for public comment on the application pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act.		
	(c) Hold a public hearing in the county nearest to the location of the offshore oil structure that is the subject of the application.		

**Section 6650 et seq. – Kelp and Other Aquatic Plants**

<b>6650</b>			
	Every person engaged in harvesting kelp or other aquatic plants for profit in the waters of this State shall have a license for that purpose.		

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<b>6651</b>			
	(a) A license granting the privilege to harvest kelp or other aquatic plants shall be issued upon application and the payment of a fee of one hundred dollars (\$100) to the department. The license shall be valid from January 1 to December 31, inclusive, or, if issued after the beginning of that term, for the remainder thereof...		

<b>6902</b>		*	
	The Legislature, for purposes of this chapter, declares as follows:		
	(a) It is the policy of the state to significantly increase the natural production of salmon and steelhead trout by the end of this century. The department shall develop a plan and a program that strives to double the current natural production of salmon and steelhead trout resources.		
	(b) It is the policy of the state to recognize and encourage the participation of the public in privately and publicly funded mitigation, restoration, and enhancement programs in order to protect and increase naturally spawning salmon and steelhead trout resources.		
	(c) It is the policy of the state that existing natural salmon and steelhead trout habitat shall not be diminished further without offsetting the impacts of the lost habitat.		

**6920 et seq. – Program for Protection**

<b>6920</b>		*	
	(a) The department shall, with the advice of the Advisory Committee on Salmon and Steelhead Trout and the Commercial Salmon Trollers Advisory Committee, prepare and maintain a detailed and comprehensive program for the protection and increase of salmon, steelhead trout, and anadromous fisheries.		
	(b) The department shall consult with every public agency whose policies or decisions may affect the goals of this program to determine if there are feasible means for those public agencies to help the department achieve the goals of this program.		

<b>6922</b>		*	
	The program shall include, but is not limited to, all of the following elements:		
	(a) Identification of streams where the natural production of salmon and steelhead trout can be increased primarily through the improvement of stream and streambank conditions without effect on land ownership, land use practices, or changes in streamflow operations. (b) Identification of streams where the natural production of salmon and steelhead trout can be increased only through the improvement of land use practices or changes in streamflow operations. (c) Identification of streams where the protection of, and increase in, salmon and steelhead trout resources require, as a result of significant prior loss of stream habitat, the construction of artificial propagation facilities. (d) A program element for evaluating the effectiveness of the program. (e) Recommendations for an organizational structure, staffing, budgeting, long-term sources of funding, changes in state statutes and regulations and federal and local government policy and such other administrative and legislative actions as the department finds to be necessary to accomplish the purposes of this chapter.		
<b>6922</b>	<b>cont.</b>		
	(f) Identification of measures to protect and increase the production of other anadromous fisheries consistent with policies set forth in Section 6902.		
	(g) Identification of alternatives to, or mitigation of, manmade factors which cause the loss of juvenile and adult fish in California's stream system.		
<b>6924</b>		*	
	The department shall determine the initial elements of the program and transmit a report describing those elements to the Legislature and the Advisory Committee on Salmon and Steelhead Trout within six months of the effective date of this chapter.		

<b>6930</b>	<b>Study to Determine the Effect of Reduced Water Flows</b>		
	(a)Subject to the availability of funds for the purposes of this section, the department shall contract with the University of California to conduct a study of the effects that reduced waterflows at the mouths and upstream estuaries of rivers selected under subdivision (b) would have on existing salmon and steelhead populations and on existing or prospective salmon and steelhead population restoration or reintroduction programs.		
	(b)The department shall select the rivers to be included in the study and shall limit its selection to rivers that are within the combined river systems described in paragraph (7) of subdivision (a) of Section 1215.5 of the Water Code, and that are the subject of an application that has been filed with the State Water Resources Control Board to appropriate water in an amount equal to more than three cubic feet per second or more than 500 acre feet per annum of storage, involving the delivery of water by means other than a pipeline, natural watercourse, well, or aqueduct to any place of use that is outside of the protected area described in paragraph (7) of subdivision (a) of Section 1215.5 of the Water Code...		

**7050 et seq. – Conservation and Management of Marine Living Resources**

<b>7055</b>		*	
	The Legislature finds and declares that it is the policy of the state that:		
	(a)California's marine sport and commercial fisheries, and the resources upon which they depend, are important to the people of the state and, to the extent practicable, shall be managed in accordance with the policies and other requirements of this part in order to assure the long-term economic, recreational, ecological, cultural, and social benefits of those fisheries and the marine habitats on which they depend. (b)Programs for the conservation and management of the marine fishery resources of California shall be established and administered to prevent overfishing, to rebuild depressed stocks, to ensure conservation, to facilitate long-term protection and, where feasible, restoration of marine fishery habitats, and to achieve the sustainable use of the state's fishery resources... § 7059(b) (b)In order to fulfill the intent of subdivision (a), the commission and the department shall do all of the following: (1)Periodically review marine life and fishery management operations with a view to improving communication, collaboration, and dispute resolution, seeking advice from interested parties as		

	<p>part of the review.</p> <p>(2)Develop a process for the involvement of interested parties and for factfinding and dispute resolution processes appropriate to each element in the marine life and fishery management process. Models to consider include, but are not limited to, the take reduction teams authorized under the Marine Mammal Protection Act (16 U.S.C. Sec. 1361 et seq.) and the processes that led to improved management in the California herring, sea urchin, prawn, angel shark, and white seabass fisheries.</p> <p>(3)Consider the appropriateness of various forms of fisheries comanagement, which involves close cooperation between the department and fishery participants, when developing and implementing fishery management plans.</p> <p>(4)When involving fishery participants in the management process, give particular consideration to the gear used, involvement of sport or commercial sectors or both sectors, and the areas of the coast where the fishery is conducted in order to ensure adequate involvement.</p>		
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<b>7060</b>		*	
	<p>(a)The Legislature finds and declares that for the purposes of sustainable fishery management and this part, essential fishery information is necessary for federally and state-managed marine fisheries important to the people of this state to provide sustainable economic and recreational benefits to the people of California. The Legislature further finds and declares that acquiring essential fishery information can best be accomplished through the ongoing cooperation and collaboration of participants in fisheries.</p>		
	<p>(b)The department, to the extent feasible, shall conduct and support research to obtain essential fishery information for all marine fisheries managed by the state.</p> <p>(c)The department, to the maximum extent practicable and consistent with Section 7059, shall encourage the participation of fishermen in fisheries research within a framework that ensures the objective collection and analysis of data, the collaboration of fishermen in research design, and the cooperation of fishermen in carrying out research.</p> <p>(d)The department may apply for grants to conduct research and may enter into contracts or issue competitive grants to public or private research institutions to conduct research.</p>		

<b>7065</b>		*	
	a)The director shall report annually in writing to the commission on the status of sport and commercial marine fisheries managed by the state. The date of the report shall be chosen by the commission with the advice of the department. Each annual report shall cover at least one-fourth of the marine fisheries managed by the state so that every fishery will be reported on at least once every four years. The department shall, consistent with Section 7059, involve expertise from outside the department in compiling information for the report, which may include, but need not be limited to, Sea Grant staff, other marine scientists, fishery participants, and other interested parties.		

<b>7065</b>	<b>cont.</b>		
	(b)For each fishery reported on in an annual report, the report shall include information on landings, fishing effort, areas where the fishery occurs, and other factors affecting the fishery as determined by the department and the commission. Each restricted access program shall be reviewed at least every five years for consistency with the policies of the commission on restricted access fisheries...		

<b>7072</b>		*	
	(a)Fishery management plans shall form the primary basis for managing California's sport and commercial marine fisheries...		

<b>7073</b>		*	
	(a)On or before September 1, 2001, the department shall submit to the commission for its approval a master plan that specifies the process and the resources needed to prepare, adopt, and implement fishery management plans for sport and commercial marine fisheries managed by the state. Consistent with Section 7059, the master plan shall be prepared with the advice, assistance, and involvement of participants in the various fisheries and their representatives, marine conservationists, marine scientists, and other interested persons...		

<b>7074</b>		*	
	(a)The department shall prepare interim fishery research protocols for at least the three highest priority fisheries identified pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) of Section 7073. An interim fishery protocol shall be used by the department until a fishery management plan is implemented for that fishery...		

<b>7075</b>		*	
	(a)The department shall prepare fishery management plans and plan amendments, including any proposed regulations necessary to implement plans or plan amendments, to be submitted to the commission for adoption or rejection. Prior to submitting a plan or plan amendment, including any proposed regulations necessary for implementation, to the commission, the department shall submit the plan to peer review pursuant to Section 7062, unless the department determines that peer review of the plan or plan amendment may be exempted pursuant to subdivision...		

<b>7090</b>		*	
	(a)The Legislature finds and declares that a proactive approach to management of emerging fisheries will foster a healthy marine environment and will benefit both commercial and sport fisheries and other marine-dependent activities. Therefore, the commission, based upon the advice and recommendations of the department, shall encourage, manage, and regulate emerging fisheries consistent with the policies of this part...		

<b>7123</b>	<b>Monitoring Taking of Marlin – Volunteer Observers</b>	*	
	The department shall develop a voluntary participation program for the use of departmental observers on board vessels to monitor the taking of marlin by sportfishermen. The department shall, in accordance with Section 1012, procure insurance against the liability of the owners or operators of vessels boarded by observers in the event of injury to or death of any such observer in the course and scope of employment as an observer.		

<b>7652.2</b>	<b>Director’s Authority to Repeal or Amend Regulations; Requirements</b>		
	(a)The director may repeal or amend any regulation adopted pursuant to Section 7652 or any other regulation to conform the regulation to federal regulations pursuant to the act, if the director finds that this action is necessary to achieve optimum yield in California.		

<b>7652.2</b>	<b>Director's Authority to Repeal or Amend Regulations; Requirements, cont.</b>		
	(b)Notwithstanding any other section of this article or any other provision of law, the director shall hold a public hearing or hearings in the area of the fishery under consideration before the director repeals or amends any regulation pursuant to this section. The director shall arrange the time and place of the hearing, shall provide adequate public notice and adequate notice to the appropriate standing policy committee of each house of the Legislature and to the joint committee, and shall convene the hearing at the time and place arranged.		
	(c)At the hearing or hearings, the director shall take evidence of the effects the proposed repeal or amendment would have on the state's fishery resources, the commercial or recreational fishing industry, and the state's ability to manage fishery resources in state waters.		
	(d)After the hearings, the director shall submit a written report to the Legislature which summarizes the reasons for the proposed repeal or amendment.		

<b>7662</b>	<b>Management Plan Consultation</b>		
	The department shall consult with the advisory committee and representatives of every user group known to the department on the progress being made in the development of the annual and long-term salmon management plans.		

<b>7710</b>	<b>Closure of Waters Near Fisheries</b>		
	(a)If the director determines, based on the best available scientific information, or other relevant information that the director possesses or receives, and on at least one public hearing in the area of the fishery, that taking in a fishery is being conducted in a manner that is not sustainable, the director may order the closure of any waters or otherwise restrict the taking under a fishing license in state waters of that species. Any closure or restriction order shall be adopted by emergency regulation in accordance with Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code...		

<b>7710.5</b>	<b>Removal of Restriction on Taking</b>		
	If, during the period that regulations adopted pursuant to Section 7710 are effective, the director determines, based on thorough and adequate scientific evidence and at least one public hearing in		

	<p>the area of the fishery, that any species or subspecies the taking of which was previously restricted, has recovered or additional evidence indicates that the resource is not in danger of irreparable injury, the director <b>may</b> remove the restriction on taking. Action to remove the restriction shall be by adoption of an emergency regulation in accordance with Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code.</p> <p>The director <b>shall</b> bring to the attention of the Legislature, within seven calendar days, any regulations adopted pursuant to this section.</p>		
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<b>8010</b>	<b>Investigation of Commercial Fisheries by Department</b>		
	The department <b>shall</b> :		
	<p>(a)Gather and prepare data of the commercial fisheries, showing particularly the extent of the fisheries and the extent to which the various species abound.</p> <p>(b)Make such investigations of the biology and the environment of the living marine resources as will aid in the collection and preparation of the statistical information necessary to determine the population dynamics of the species relative to their scientific management.</p> <p>(c)Make such investigations as will disclose the optimum sustainable yield of the various marine resources.</p> <p>(d)Determine what measures may be advisable to conserve any fishery, or to enlarge and assist any fishery where that may be done without danger to the supply.</p>		

<b>8150.7</b>	<b>– Intent of Legislature to Rehabilitate Sardine Resource</b>		
	It is the intent of the Legislature that the sardine resource be managed with the objective of maximizing the sustained harvest. The department <b>shall</b> manage the sardine resource in conformance with the federal fishery regulations as recommended by the Pacific Fishery Management Council and as adopted by the Secretary of Commerce.		

<b>8190</b>	<b>Policy Regarding Management of Anchovy Resource</b>		
	(a)It is the policy of the State of California that the anchovy resource <b>shall</b> be managed in a manner which insures the continued abundance of the species. To that end, the department shall		

	conduct, or have others conduct, annual anchovy egg-larvae surveys or any other annual surveys, research, and analyses necessary to insure that an accurate biomass estimate is made.		
	(b)This section shall become operative, and activities shall be carried out pursuant to this section only in the event, and to the extent, that funding is made available for such activities by the federal government.		

<b>8226</b>	<b>Recovery of Coded-wire Tag from Salmon Head</b>		
	(a)Notwithstanding any measurement requirements under this code, and to implement the department's salmon tagging program, any person in possession of a salmon with a missing adipose fin, the small, fleshy fin on the back of the fish between the back fin and the tail, upon request by an authorized agent or employee of the department, shall immediately relinquish the head of the salmon to the state, at no charge, for recovery of any coded-wire tag. The head may be removed by the fish owner or, if removed by the official department representative, the head shall be removed in a manner to minimize loss of salmon flesh and the salmon shall immediately be returned to the rightful owner.		
	(b)It is unlawful to intentionally conceal, cull, or release into the waters, a salmon with a missing adipose fin that it is otherwise legal to possess.		

**8230 et seq. – Commercial Salmon Vessel Permits**

<b>8233.5</b>			
	Except as otherwise provided in this article, the department shall change the designation of the holder of a permit, and with it shall go all rights, privileges, and obligations of a permit holder, including rights of renewal, upon receipt of a notice of change of ownership to a new owner of a permitted vessel upon change of ownership in the permitted vessel. A permit changed pursuant to this section is valid for the permit year during which it is issued.		

<b>8233.8</b>			
	Except as otherwise provided in this article, the department shall issue a permit to the owner of a commercial salmon fishing vessel that is registered with the department pursuant to Section 7881 for the new entry of that vessel into the commercial salmon fishery if that owner is authorized to		

	be issued a permit for the use of that new entry vessel pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 8245.		
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<b>8236</b>			
	(a)The department shall send a written notice of renewal and a permit renewal application to the owner of each currently permitted vessel at the most recent address of that owner in the records of the department. The notice shall be sent by first-class mail before March 1. The department shall mail a copy of the notice for renewal to all associations and groups known to the department to be representing commercial salmon fishermen. The department shall also provide blank permit renewal applications at appropriate offices of the department...		

<b>8243</b>			
	(a)If the department determines that the number of permitted vessels is less than 2,500, the department shall determine, after consultation with the review board, the number and vessel classification for which any new, original permits may be issued to bring the total number of permitted vessels to no more than 2,500.		
	(b)New, original permits to be issued shall be authorized by vessel classifications established under Section 8238.		

<b>8245</b>			
	a)The department shall conduct a drawing from the applicants determined to be eligible for new, original permits pursuant to Section 8244 on the first Friday in March of each year that new, original permits are authorized to be issued pursuant to Section 8243.		
	(b)(1)The department shall issue a permit to each of those applicants who are drawn upon payment of the fees prescribed in paragraph (2) for the permit and, except as provided in subdivision (d), submittal of sufficient information to establish that the applicant is the owner of a vessel within the vessel classification designated in the application...		

<b>8276.2</b>	<b>Quality Control Testing of Dungeness Crabs</b>		
	(a)The director may order a delay in the opening of the Dungeness crab fishery after December 1 in Districts 6, 7, 8, and 9 in any year. The delay in the opening shall not be later than January 15 of		

	any year.		
	(b)On or about November 1 of each year, the director <b>may</b> authorize one or more operators of commercial fishing vessels to take and land a limited number of Dungeness crab for the purpose of quality testing according to a testing program conducted by, or on behalf of, the Pacific States Marine Fisheries Commission or an entity approved by the department. The department <b>shall not approve a testing program unless it is funded by the entity authorized to conduct the testing</b> program. Crab taken pursuant to this section shall not be sold; however, any edible crabmeat recovered from the crabs tested shall not be wasted and may be used for charitable purposes.		

<b>8276.2</b>	<b>Quality Control Testing of Dungeness Crabs, cont.</b>		
	(c)The director <b>shall</b> order the opening of the Dungeness crab season in Districts 6, 7, 8, and 9 on December 1 if the quality tests authorized in subdivision (b) indicate the Dungeness crabs are not soft-shelled or low quality. The entity authorized to conduct the approved testing program may test, or cause to be tested, crabs taken for quality and soft shells pursuant to the approved testing program. If the tests are conducted on or about November 1 and result in a finding that Dungeness crabs are soft-shelled or low quality, the director <b>shall</b> authorize a second test to be conducted on or about November 15 pursuant to the approved testing program. If the second test results in a finding that Dungeness crabs are soft-shelled or low quality, the director may order the season opening delayed for a period of 15 days and may authorize a third test to be conducted on or about December 1. If the third test results in a finding that Dungeness crabs remain soft-shelled or of low quality, the director may order the season opening delayed for a period of an additional 15 days and authorize a fourth test to be conducted. This procedure may continue to be followed, except that no tests shall be conducted after January 1 for that season, and the season opening shall not be delayed by the director later than January 15...		

<b>8411</b>	<b>Population Studies</b>		
	The department <b>shall</b> manage the Pacific mackerel resource in conformance with the federal fishery regulations as recommended by the Pacific Fishery Management Council and as adopted by the Secretary of Commerce.		

**8420 et seq. – Market Squid**

<b>8420(d)</b>			
	...The Legislature declares that to prevent excessive fishing effort in the market squid fishery and to develop a plan for the sustainable harvest of market squid, it is necessary to adopt and implement a fishery management plan for the California market squid fishery that sustains both the squid population and the marine life that depends on squid...		

<b>8426</b>			
	The director shall be responsible for the development of research protocols and the development of recommendations for the management of the squid fishery...		

<b>8552.1</b>	<b>Adjustment of Fees Charged for Permits</b>		
	The commission, in consultation with the department and representatives of the commercial roe herring fishery, and after holding at least one public hearing, may adjust the fees charged for permits; including fees for the issuance or transfer of permits, to a level that will not discourage the transfer of permits or limit entry into the fishery, and that will ensure sufficient funds to cover reasonable department costs associated with the management of the fishery, including research and enforcement costs.		

<b>8589.7</b>	<b>Fees, Adoption and Use (<i>Nearshore Fisheries Management Act</i>)</b>		
	(a)Fees received by the department pursuant to Section 8587 shall be deposited in the Fish and Game Preservation Fund to be used by the department to prepare, develop, and implement the nearshore fisheries management plan and for the following purposes...		

<b>8599.3</b>	<b>Scientific Data Collection; Cooperation with Institutions</b>		
	The department shall cooperate, to the extent that it determines feasible, with appropriate scientific institutions to facilitate data collection on white sharks taken incidentally by commercial fishing operations.		

<b>8506</b>	<b>Development of Commercial Fishing Gear Encouraged</b>		
	(a)The commission shall encourage the development of new types of commercial fishing gear and new methods of using existing commercial fishing gear by approving permits to be issued by the department, consistent with the policies set forth in Section 1700, for that development or use, subject to the following restrictions...		

<b>14000</b>	<b>Compact to Form a Pacific Marine Fisheries Commission</b>		
	The Governor is hereby authorized and directed to execute a compact on behalf of this state with any or all of the States of Alaska, Idaho, Oregon and Washington for the purpose of cooperating with those states in the formation of a Pacific States Marine Fisheries Commission.		

**15200 et seq. – Stocking Aquatic Organisms**

<b>15200</b>	<b>Placing Plants and Animals; Move Live Fish Between Aquaculturists</b>		
	The commission may regulate the placing of aquatic plants and animals in waters of the state. Movement of live fish between two registered aquaculturists who are registered for those species does not require a permit.		

<b>15201</b>	<b>Place Fish Above Fish Hatchery; Permit Required</b>		
	A permit is required to place fish on public or private land or water in any watershed above an established public or private fish hatchery. The department shall deny the permit if there is evidence that water quality and potential disease transfers will be adverse to the established hatchery.		

<b>15400</b>	<b>Leasing of State Water Bottom</b>		
	a)Except as prohibited by Section 15007, the commission may lease state water bottoms or the water column to any person for aquaculture, including, but not limited to, marine finfish aquaculture...		

## Food and Agriculture Code

<b>5262</b>			
	(a)Based on available funding, the department [Food & Ag] shall develop and maintain a written plan on the most appropriate options for detection, exclusion, eradication, control, or management of the higher priority invasive pests on the list prepared pursuant to Section 5261. ...		
	(c)The State Department of Public Health, the Department of Fish and Game, the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment, the Department of Boating and Waterways, the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, the State Water Resources Control Board, and the Department of Pesticide Regulation shall participate in the preparation of the plan in their areas of expertise...		

## Government Code

<b>6253</b>	<b>Public Records Act</b>		
	(a)Public records are open to inspection at all times during the office hours of the state or local agency and every person has a right to inspect any public record, except as hereafter provided. Any reasonably segregable portion of a record shall be available for inspection by any person requesting the record after deletion of the portions that are exempted by law.		
	(b)Except with respect to public records exempt from disclosure by express provisions of law, each state or local agency, upon a request for a copy of records that reasonably describes an identifiable record or records, shall make the records promptly available to any person upon payment of fees covering direct costs of duplication, or a statutory fee if applicable. Upon request, an exact copy shall be provided unless impracticable to do so.		

<b>6253</b>	<b>Public Records Act, cont.</b>		
	(c)Each agency, upon a request for a copy of records, shall, within 10 days from receipt of the request, determine whether the request, in whole or in part, seeks copies of disclosable public records in the possession of the agency and shall promptly notify the person making the request of the determination and the reasons therefor. In unusual circumstances, the time limit prescribed in this section may be extended by written notice by the head of the agency or his or her designee to the person making the request, setting forth the reasons for the extension and the date on which a		

	determination is expected to be dispatched. No notice shall specify a date that would result in an extension for more than 14 days. When the agency dispatches the determination, and if the agency determines that the request seeks disclosable public records, the agency shall state the estimated date and time when the records will be made available. As used in this section, "unusual circumstances" means the following, but only to the extent reasonably necessary to the proper processing of the particular request:		
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<b>11340</b> <i>et. seq.</i>	<b>CA Administrative Procedure Act</b>		
	Compliance required for all DFG and Commission rulemakings		

**Public Resources Code**

<b>10001</b>		*	
	The Director of Fish and Game shall identify and list those streams and watercourses throughout the state for which minimum flow levels need to be established in order to assure the continued viability of stream-related fish and wildlife resources. The director shall include in this identification list those streams and watercourses the director determines are significant, along with a statement of findings as to why that stream or watercourse was selected. The identification list required by this section shall rank the streams and watercourses beginning with those where the need for establishing minimum flow levels is the greatest. The director, at his discretion, may revise the list and may add or delete streams or watercourses as circumstances require. The initial identification list required by this section shall be completed no later than January 1, 1984.		

<b>10002</b>		*	
	The Director of Fish and Game shall prepare proposed streamflow requirements, which shall be specified in terms of cubic feet of water per second, for each stream or watercourse identified pursuant to Section 10001. In developing the requirements for each stream, the director shall consult with the Director of Water Resources, the Director of Boating and Waterways, the Director of Parks and Recreation and with all affected local governments. The Director of Fish and Game may also consult with any private individuals, groups, or organizations as the director		

	deems advisable. Upon completion of the proposed streamflow requirements for any individual stream or watercourse, the Director of Fish and Game shall transmit these proposed requirements to the State Water Resources Control Board. The State Water Resources Control Board shall consider these requirements within a stream as set forth in Section 1257.5 of the Water Code. The Director of Fish and Game shall complete the preparation of proposed requirements for the initial streams not later than July 1, 1989.		
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<b>10003</b>		*	
	The Director of Fish and Game, on his or her own motion or at the request of the State Water Resources Control Board, may review any streamflow requirement and may propose revision or modification thereof. The proposed revision or modification shall be transmitted to the State Water Resources Control Board.		

<b>10004</b>		*	
	The Department of Fish and Game shall initiate studies to develop proposed streamflow requirements for those streams or watercourses in each fiscal year for which funds are appropriated and shall complete studies on each stream or watercourse within three years. It is the intent of the Legislature that the department develop a program that will initiate studies on at least 10 streams or watercourses in each fiscal year.		

<b>10005</b>		*	
	(a)The Department of Fish and Game shall impose and collect a filing fee of eight hundred fifty dollars (\$850) to defray the costs of identifying streams and providing studies pursuant to Division 10 (commencing with Section 10000) of the Public Resources Code.		
	(b)The filing fee shall be proportional to the cost incurred by the Department of Fish and Game and shall be annually reviewed and adjustments recommended to the Legislature in an amount necessary to pay the costs of the Department of Fish and Game as specified in subdivision (a).		
	(c)Any user of water, including a person or entity holding riparian or appropriative rights, shall pay the filing fee to the Department of Fish and Game upon application to the State Water Resources Control Board for any permit, transfer, extension, or change of point of diversion, place of use, or purpose of use, if there is a diversion of water from any waterway where fish reside. No permit, or other entitlement identified in this section is effective until the filing fee is		

	paid. The State Water Resources Control Board shall, every six months, forward all fees collected to the department and provide the location for each entitlement for which a filing fee has been collected.		
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<b>21080.1</b>	<b>(Re: CEQA Lead Agency Obligations)</b>		
	(a)The lead agency shall be responsible for determining whether an environmental impact report, a negative declaration, or a mitigated negative declaration shall be required for any project which is subject to this division...		

<b>21104(c)</b>	<b>(Re: CEQA Responsible Agency Obligations)</b>		
	A responsible agency or other public agency shall only make substantive comments regarding those activities involved in a project that are within an area of expertise of the agency or that are required to be carried out or approved by the agency. Those comments shall be supported by specific documentation.		

<b>21070</b>	<b>(Re: CEQA Trustee Agency Definition)</b>		
	“Trustee Agency” means a state agency that has jurisdiction by law over natural resources affected by a project, that are held in trust for the people of the State of California.		

<b>21081.6</b>	<b>– (Re: CEQA Trustee Agency Role)</b>		
	(c)Prior to the close of the public review period for a draft environmental impact report or mitigated negative declaration, a responsible agency, or a public agency having jurisdiction over natural resources affected by the project, shall either submit to the lead agency complete and detailed performance objectives for mitigation measures which would address the significant effects on the environment identified by the responsible agency or agency having jurisdiction over natural resources affected by the project, or refer the lead agency to appropriate, readily available guidelines or reference documents. Any mitigation measures submitted to a lead agency by a responsible agency or an agency having jurisdiction over natural resources affected by the project shall be limited to measures which mitigate impacts to resources which are subject to the statutory authority of, and definitions applicable to, that agency. Compliance or noncompliance by a responsible agency or agency having jurisdiction over natural resources affected by a project with that requirement shall not limit the authority of the responsible agency or agency having jurisdiction over natural resources affected by a		

	project, or the authority of the lead agency, to approve, condition, or deny projects as provided by this division or any other provision of law.		
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**Water Code**

<b>1707</b>	<b>Instream Flow Dedication</b> (requires petitioners to document changes in the use of appropriated water rights for the purposes of preserving or enhancing wetlands, fish or wildlife resources.)		
	(a)(1)Any person entitled to the use of water, whether based upon an appropriative, riparian, or other right, may petition the board pursuant to this chapter, Chapter 6.6 (commencing with Section 1435) or Chapter 10.5 (commencing with Section 1725) for a change for purposes of preserving or enhancing wetlands habitat, fish and wildlife resources, or recreation in, or on, the water.		

<b>5000</b> <i>et seq</i>	<b>Recordation of Water Extractions and Diversions</b>		
<b>5100</b> <i>et. seq.</i>	<b>Statements of Water Diversion and Use</b>		
	requires filing and maintaining reports of riparian, pre-1914 and appropriative water rights use for Department lands.)		

<b>51005</b> <b>103</b>	<b>Water Diversion and Use Monitoring and Reporting</b>		
	require monitoring and reporting of monthly water diversions for all claimed water rights. DFG currently has about 100 water rights statewide		

**Other Sources of DFG Unfunded / Underfunded Obligations**

	<b>NMFS Biological Opinion for the Long-Term Operations of the Central Valley Project and State Water Project</b>		
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	The Department is tasked with participating in various work groups related to the implementation of Reasonable and Prudent Alternatives listed as remedies in the BO. Department staff attend numerous weekly meetings assisting in the interpretation and implementation of the RPS's. In close coordination, CDFG, NMFS and USFWS embody the "Fish Agencies" and recommendations from this group influence NMFS decisions controlling Water Project Operations throughout the State. Department staff are also expected to compile and report data during meetings, as well as coordinate with CDFG Regions regarding workgroup decisions that pertain to specific Regional areas.		
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	<b>State Water Resources Control Board Water Right Fees</b>		
	- DFG pays annual fees to the State Water Resources Control Board to maintain permitted and licensed water rights which have been established through the Board. These fees are about \$10,000 per year for all (about 65) of DFG's collective permitted and licensed water rights statewide. There is currently <b>no dedicated funding source</b> to pay these fees, which have been provided by the Wildlife Branch's Lands Program for the last several years. Non-payment of these fees would directly jeopardize these water rights.		

	<b>Watermaster Fees for DFG-Held Adjudicated Water Rights</b>		
	Similar to SWRCB annual fees described above, <b>DFG pays</b> various Watermasters (Federal, DWR, and local water districts with Court approval) <b>annual fees</b> to maintain use of the adjudicated water rights. Non-payment of these fees would directly jeopardize these water rights.		

### Central Valley Program Improvement Act

	<b>CVPIA State Program Cost Share</b>		
	The Central Valley Project Improvement Act requires <b>State cost share</b> for multiple programs, many of which have <b>no dedicated State fund source</b> . Efforts are currently planned to address this issue programmatically and collectively with DWR.		

<b>3406(d)</b>	<b>Fish, Wildlife, Improved Water Management &amp; Conservation</b>		
	Central Valley Refuges and Wildlife Habitat Areas (including Refuge Water supply) requires planning, contractual agreements and reporting for prescribed water deliveries to Central Valley wetland wildlife areas.		

	<b>Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board Long-Term Irrigated Lands Program Regulatory Costs</b>		
	These are costs paid by DFG for regulatory coverage for discharge of water from DFG-owned managed wetlands in lieu of a requirement to obtain Waste Discharge Requirements. There has been <b>no funding source identified</b> for these funds.		

	<b>Governor's Emergency Proclamation 2007</b>		
Unfunded	Best Management Practices for Mosquito Control on State Lands <b>requires</b> state agencies to undertake best management practices to promote mosquito control and reduce mosquito populations for prevention of West Nile Virus and other mosquito borne illnesses. <b>Unfunded</b>		

<b>Title 23, CCR §1066</b>			
Unfunded	requires <b>payment of appropriative water rights fees</b> to the State Water Resources Control Board.		

	<b>SWRCB/RWRCB Water Quality Requirements</b>		
Unfunded	<b>requires</b> monitoring, reporting and best management practices for water quality (wetland discharge, salt and boron BMP's, methyl mercury TMDL, fecal coliforms, etc.).		

	<b>Various Legal Judgements and Decrees</b>		
Unfunded	<b>requires</b> coordination with Department of Water Resources Watermaster Program for adjudicated water rights held by the Department of Fish and Game.		

	<b>California Five-Year Infrastructure Plan</b>		
	<b>requires</b> departments in California state government to annually identify infrastructure needs for the ensuing five years.		

	<b>State and Federal Audits</b>		
Unfunded	<b>requires</b> department programs to supply information to assist evaluations of programmatic function and performance.		